## NAVSHIPREPFAC YOKOSUKA LOCAL STANDARD ITEM

FY-02

 ITEM NO:
 099-45YO

 DATE:
 01 JUL 2001

 CATEGORY:
 II\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 1. SCOPE:
  - 1.1 Title: Tapered Plug Valve; repair
- 2. REFERENCES:
  - a. None.
- 3. REQUIREMENTS:
  - 3.1 Matchmark valve parts.
- (V) "INSPECT PARTS FOR DEFECTS"
- 3.2 Disassemble, clean internal and external surfaces free of foreign matter (including paint), and inspect parts for defects.
  - 3.3 Repair valve as follows:
- $3.3.1\,$  Machine, grind, or lap and spot-in plug to bore to obtain an 80 percent minimum surface contact, evenly distributed over 100 percent of the area.
- (V)(G) "INSPECT CONTACT"
  - 3.3.1.1 Inspect contact using blueing method.
- 3.3.1.2 Vertical misalignment of ports in the plug valve and body with the plug fully seated shall not be of a degree that will restrict flow.
  - 3.3.2 Chase and tap exposed threaded areas.
  - 3.3.3 Dress and true gasket mating surfaces.
- 3.4 Assemble valve installing new packing and gaskets in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, and new fasteners in accordance with Table One, or Table 2 for DDG-51 class.
- 3.4.1 Lubricate each MIL-V-24509 valve with grease conforming to SAE-AMS-G-6032.
  - 3.5 Hydrostatically test valve as follows:
- 3.5.1 Hydrostatic test equipment shall have the following capabilities:
  - 3.5.1.1 Manual overpressure protection release valve.

- 3.5.1.2 Self-actuated and resetting relief valve with a set point no greater than 100 PSIG above the test pressure or 10 percent above the test pressure, whichever is less.
- 3.5.1.3 Master and backup test gages with gage range and graduation shown on Table 3.
- 3.5.1.4 Protection equipment shall be accessible and test gages shall be located where clearly visible and readable to pump operator and inspector.

#### (V)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS"

- 3.5.2 Test for seat tightness with valve in closed position with opposite side open for inspection.
  - 3.5.2.1 Plug shall be seated by hand force.
- 3.5.2.2 Test shall be continued for a minimum of three minutes if there is no evidence of leakage, or in the event of visible leakage, until accurate determination of leakage can be made.
- 3.5.2.3 Maximum allowable leakage for a metal-to-metal seated valve: 10 cubic centimeters (cc) per hour, per inch of nominal pipe size. Valve sizes one inch or less may be 10 cc maximum per hour.
  - 3.5.2.4 Allowable leakage for soft seated plug: None.

# (V)(G) "SEAT TIGHTNESS"

3.5.3 Test plug valve of duplex strainer to each strainer chamber with unpressurized side top cover removed (two tests per strainer). Allowable leakage: With the drain valve closed the non-pressurized side shall not fill within one hour.

### 4. NOTES:

- 4.1 Test pressures of 3.5.2, and 3.5.3 will be specified in the invoking Work Item.
- 4.2 Repair of valve operating gear will be specified in the invoking Work Item.

# TABLE ONE

#### VALVE BODY MATERIAL

	1/		2/
	Alloy Steel	Carbon Steel	Nonferrous
3/	Grade B-16	Grade B-16	Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade
Studs and Bolts			Silicon Bronze - Any Grade
to MIL- <b>DTL</b> -1222			Nickel Copper - Class A $\frac{4}{}$
Nuts to	Grade 4 or 7	Grade 4 or 7	Phosphor Bronze - Any Grade
MIL- <b>DTL</b> -1222			Silicon Bronze - Any Grade
			Nickel Copper - Class A or
			Class B <u>5</u> /
Socket Head Cap	FF-S-86	FF-S-86	
Screws			

#### NOTES:

- 1/ Alloy steel is of Composition A 2-1/4 percent Chromium, one percent Molybdenum, Composition B 1-1/4 percent Chromium, 1/2 percent Molybdenum, and Composition C Carbon Molybdenum.
- 2/ Nonferrous Alloy except Aluminum.
- 3/ Studs shall be Class 2 or 3 fit on the nut end and Class 5 fit on the stud end, except that a Class 3 fit with a thread locking compound may be used where temperatures do not exceed 250 degrees Fahrenheit. The thread locking compound shall conform to MIL-S-22473. Inspect Class 3 fit stud ends in accordance with SAE-J2270.
- $\underline{\underline{4}}$  / Fasteners of Nickel Copper Aluminum Alloy shall be the only type used on sea chests and hull valves.
- 5/ Nuts of Nickel Copper Alloy, conforming to QQ-N-281 Class A or B, or Nickel Copper Aluminum Alloy conforming to QQ-N-286 shall be the only type used on sea chests and hull valves.

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TABLE 2

VALVE BODY MATERIAL

	1 /	2./
	1/	2/
2 /	Alloy Steel/Carbon Steel	Nonferrous
3/	5/	4/ 5/
Studs and	For services up to and including 650	Phosphor Bronze - Any
Bolts to	degree Fahrenheit (F); Grade 5 steel	Grade
MIL- <b>DTL</b> - 1222	For services in 1,000 degrees F;	Gilinan Basanan Amar Garda
1222	grade B-16	Silicon Bronze - Any Grade
	For services to 775 degrees F; Grade	Nickel Copper - Class A
	B-16	Nickel Copper - Class A
	For services in which JP-5,	
	lubricating oil, or inflammable gas	
	or liquid of any kind, regardless of	
	pressure and temperature, which are	
	within 3 feet of hot surfaces (above	
	650 degrees F) and where steel tubing	
	is required; Grade 2, 5 or 8 steel	
	Bolting subject to sea water	
	corrosion (other than hull integrity	
	bolting; for hull integrity bolting	
	see Note 4) Connections in contact	
	with bilge regions. Where strength	
	requires ferrous bolting and is	
	exposed to the weather; Class A	
	Nickel-Copper alloy to QQ-N-281 or	
	silicon bronze to ASTM B98 with	
	dimensions of MIL-DTL-1222. Where	
	greater strength is required, use	
	Nickel-Copper-Aluminum alloy	
	QQ-N-286.	
Nuts to	5/	Phosphor Bronze - Any
MIL- <b>DTL</b> -	For services up to and including 650	Grade
1222	degrees F; Grade 5 steel	
	For services to 775 degrees F; Grade	Silicon Bronze - Class A
	2H or 4 steel	or Class B
	For services to 1,000 degrees F;	
	Grade 4 steel	4/ 5/
	For services in which JP-5,	
	lubricating oil, or inflammable gas	
	or liquid of any kind, regardless of	
	pressure and temperature which are	
	within 3 feet of hot surfaces (above	
	650 degrees F) and where steel tubing	
	is required; Grade 5 or 8 steel	
	Nuts subject to seawater corrosion.	
	Connections in the bilge regions.	
	Where strength requires ferrous	
	material and is exposed to the	
	weather; Class A or B Nickel-Copper	
	alloy to QQ-N-281 or Silicon Bronze	
	to ASTM B98 with dimensions to	
	MIL- <b>DTL</b> -1222.	

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# TABLE 2 (CONTINUED)

## NOTES:

- 1/ Alloy steel is of Composition A 2-1/4 percent Chromium, one percent Molybdenum, Composition B 1-1/4 percent Chromium, 1/2 percent Molybdenum, and Composition C Carbon Molybdenum.
- 2/ Nonferrous Alloy except Aluminum.
- 3/ Studs shall be Class 2 or 3 fit on the nut end Class 5 fit on the stud end except that a Class 3 fit with a thread-locking compound may be used where temperatures do not exceed 200 degrees Fahrenheit. The thread-locking compound shall be in accordance with MIL-S-22473. Inspect Class 3 fit stud ends in accordance with SAE-J2270.
- 4/ Fasteners of nickel copper alloy shall be the only type used on sea chests and hull valves.
- 5/ Where these materials would constitute part of a galvanic couple, proposals for alternate materials shall be submitted for approval.

Maximum Test Pressure (lb/in²g)		Master Gage Range*** (lb/in <sup>2</sup> g)		Master Gage Maximum Graduation Size (lb/in <sup>2</sup> g)
From*	To**	From	То	
5000	9500	0	10000	100
3000	5800	0	6000	30
2500	4800	0	5000	30
1500	2800	0	3000	20
1000	1800	0	2000	15
750	1300	0	1500	10
500	800	0	1000	10
250	500	0	600	5
150	250	0	300	2
100	175	0	200	2
75	125	0	160	1
50	80	0	100	1
20	50	0	60	0.5
10	25	0	30	0.2
7	10	0	15	0.1
5	7	0	10	0.1

## NOTES:

- Master gage and back-up gages shall be track within two percent of each other.
- 2. System maximum test pressure shall be determined by applicable overhaul specification, building specification, or other governing documents.
- \* Values agree with the requirement that gage range shall not exceed 200 percent of maximum test pressure except for gage ranges 0 to 60 and below.
- \*\* Valves allow for reading pressures up to relief valve setting.
- \*\*\* Exceptions to the values given in this table may be approved locally by design, based on an evaluation of test pressure, gage range, and specific application.